



# **DL-MBX DATASHEET**

ULTRASONIC DISTANCE / LEVEL SENSOR FOR LORAWAN®

## FEATURES

LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup>-enabled non-contact distance sensor (rangefinder).

Range: 5 m / 10 m; resolution: 1 mm.

Compatible with LoRaWAN  $^{\ensuremath{\$}}$  networks of any provider.

Place and measure: no setup required.

Configurable via command line interface and downlink command interface.

Unattended real-time monitoring for several years without replacing batteries.

Robust polycarbonate enclosure: weatherproof, impact-, UV-resistant (IP67).

Standard alkaline (C-type) batteries.

CE compliant, Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Outdoor remote monitoring.

Water level monitoring in running water.

Flood monitoring.

Waste water management, sewer system monitoring.

Level / depth monitoring in water tanks.

Snow level monitoring.

Presence detection: car parking monitor.

Waste management / smart bin: monitor waste bins and recycling containers.

Smart agriculture: fill level monitoring in grain, fertilizer or pellets silos.

Irrigation ponds monitoring.



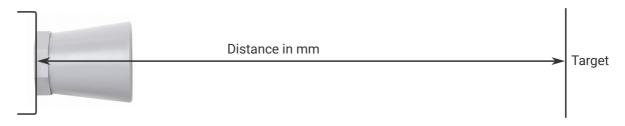
# DESCRIPTION

The device DL-MBX enables remote monitoring of water level, fill level of tanks and silos, fill level of waste containers, presence of objects or snow level. It measures the distance between the sensor head and the target (rangefinder). The measurement principle is based on ultrasonic waves which are transmitted by the sensor and reflected back from nearby objects. Using the time of flight of the sound waves and the speed of sound (temperature compensated), the sensor computes the traveling distance and thus the distance to the object.

For each measurement, the device collects 15 distance readings (samples). Of these 15 samples, it discards all invalid samples and computes the most reliable value (median), which is transmitted as "distance" value in mm. In addition, the "number of valid samples" is also transmitted. These values allow to estimate the quality of a measurement. Some example data and their respective interpretation:

Distance [mm]	Valid samples	Interpretation
1234	15	d = 1234 mm; optimal measurement
1234	10	d = 1234 mm; good measurement
1234	5	d = 1234 mm; data okay, but detecting the target was challenging
10000	0	No target detected / out of range (10 m range)
5000	0	No target detected / out of range (5 m range)
500	0	No target detected / out of range / too close
300	0	No target detected / out of range / too close

The device can be placed in a safe distance from the object. This is very convenient for measuring e.g. (waste) water level. The measurement range is 5 m or 10 m with a resolution of 1 mm.



Sensor data are transmitted in real-time using LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup> radio technology. LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup> enables encrypted radio transmissions over long distances while consuming very little power. The user can obtain sensor data through Decentlab's data storage and visualization system, or through the user's own infrastructure. Visit <u>www.decentlab.com</u> for more information about Decentlab's data cloud service.

# DEVICE VARIANTS

Name	Range	Target detection	Application
DL-MBX-001	10 m	First detectable target	General purpose
DL-MBX-002	5 m	Largest detectable target	Tank level, sewer system
DL-MBX-003	5 m	First detectable target (snow)	Snow level

# **DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS**

#### DEVICE LOGGING FUNCTION

Sampling interval	10 min (configurable through the user interfaces)
Data upload interval	10 min (configurable through the user interfaces)
Reported sensor data (average of samples)	Distance Number of valid samples (indicates quality of measurement) Battery voltage
SD-card logging	Optional

#### DISTANCE SENSOR

Operating principle	Ultrasonic time of flight measurement
Measurement range	DL-MBX-001: 0.5 m 10 m DL-MBX-002: 0.3 m 5 m DL-MBX-003: 0.5 m 5 m
Resolution	1 mm
Precision / repeatability	1 mm @ 1 m (typical)
Accuracy	1% or better (factory calibrated)

#### RADIO / WIRELESS

Wireless technology	LoRaWAN®
Wireless security	AES-128 data encryption
LoRaWAN <sup>®</sup> device type	Class A end-device
Supported LoRaWAN <sup>®</sup> features	OTAA, ABP, ADR, adaptive channel setup
Wireless range	> 10 km (line of sight¹), approx. 2 km (suburban)
RF transmit power	14 dBm (25 mW)
Effective radiated power	11.9 dBm maximum <sup>2</sup>
Receiver sensitivity	-146 dBm <sup>3</sup>
Frequency bands	868 MHz (EU version), 915 MHz (US, AS, AU versions) <sup>4</sup>
Antenna	Integrated omnidirectional antenna featuring a near-perfect radiation pattern <sup>2</sup>

Decentlab reports successful transmissions over 56 km distance and more
See Appendix A: Antenna performance
Specified by radio chip vendor
Contact us for region specific options

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#### POWER SUPPLY

Internal battery type	2 × alkaline C batteries (LR14)
Power consumption (average)	≤ 0.6 mW (10 min interval)
Battery lifetime estimation⁵	6.5 years (10 min interval, SF7) 3.5 years (10 min interval, SF12) 12.5 years (60 min interval, SF7) 10.5 years (60 min interval, SF12)

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS

Temperature	-20 50 °C
Humidity	0 100 % RH

#### MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions	170 × 81 × 70 mm
Weight	Device + batteries: 448 g (without batteries: 316 g)
Enclosure	Polycarbonate; weatherproof, impact-, UV-resistant (IP66/IP67). Pressure equalizer plug with PTFE membrane (IP68). Sensor: IP67 rating.

5 Including alkaline battery self-discharge of 3.6 % per year (conservative estimation); battery capacity: 20000 mWh.

## **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

The product usually requires no user interaction. If you open the enclosure, e.g. in order to replace the batteries, unscrew the four plastic screws and carefully open the lid.

CAUTION: Make sure the sensor unit does not drop out of the enclosure while opening! Do not touch the electronic components and sensors!

NOTE: When closing the lid, make sure the lid is fitted the right way, so that the enclosure is properly sealed: A little nose in the enclosure fits a notch in the lid and vice versa.

#### **REPLACING BATTERIES**

Insert 2 high-quality alkaline C batteries (LR14) into the battery holder on the back side of the sensor unit. The device operates until the battery voltage drops to 2.0 V. Always replace both battery cells with two identical fresh batteries.

#### USER BUTTON AND LEDS

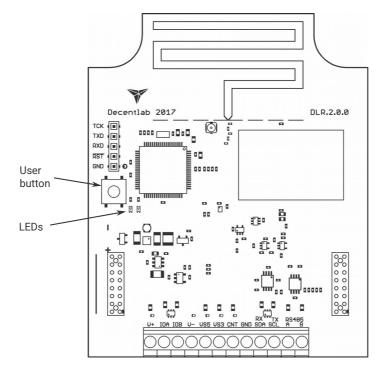


Illustration 1: Sensor unit showing the user button and LEDs. The battery holder is on the back side of the sensor unit.

### **OPERATING MODES**

The device has four operating modes:

- Reset: System (re-)start; both LEDs fade in and out.
- Active mode (ON): Periodic measurements and data transmissions; green LED flashes for each measurement.
- Sleep mode (OFF): No measurements and data transmissions (power save mode, for shelf storage). LEDs are off.
- Test mode: Measurements and data transmissions at fastest possible rates; blue LED is on. NOTE: Use only momentarily, e.g. for testing the sensor or the wireless connection. The device will switch automatically to active mode after 20 minutes.

#### SWITCHING BETWEEN OPERATING MODES

The user button allows to switch between the operating modes as shown in Illustration 2 and Illustration 3. To perform a device reset, switch to sleep mode first (if necessary) by pushing and holding the button for 3 seconds until the LEDs flash three times; wait 3 seconds; then push and hold the button for 3 seconds until the LEDs fade in and out. To switch between active and test mode, push the button for 1 second (blue LED on / off). If the blue LED is off, the device is in active or sleep mode. If the blue LED is on, the device is in test mode.

HINT: To check whether the device is active or in sleep mode (on or off), push the button twice; if the blue LED goes on and off, the device is in active mode; otherwise, the device is in sleep mode.

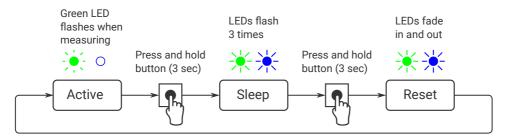
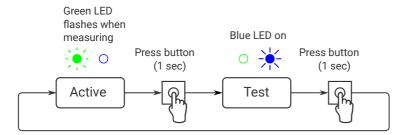


Illustration 2: Switching between active and sleep mode (switch off / on, reset).





### MEASUREMENT CYCLE (ACTIVE MODE)

During the active mode, the device periodically reads the sensors with sampling period  $T_s = 10$  minutes (default, configurable). When the send period  $T_{TX} = n \cdot T_s$  (default: n = 1, configurable) has expired, the device computes the average of the collected sensor values (at most 20 values). After a random delay of 0 ... 8 seconds, the device transmits the aggregated sensor data. If the device has not yet joined the LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup> network, it will try to join until it succeeds (maximum 3 attempts per sampling period). Afterwards, it will transmit the data (TX data). Following the data transmission, two receive slots are opened (RX1 and RX2). During these time slots, the device is ready to receive data from the network (downlink messages) as defined in the LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup> specification.

As shown in the diagrams, the device is idle most of the time. During the idle time, the current consumption is extremely low.

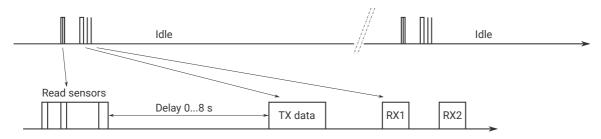


Illustration 4: Device activity during the active mode.

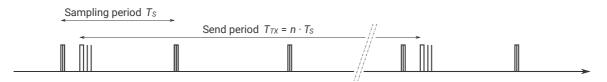


Illustration 5: Sampling period vs. send period. Default:  $T_s = 10 \text{ min}$ ,  $T_{TX} = 1 \cdot 10 \text{ min} = 10 \text{ min}$ .

#### LED SIGNALING (ACTIVE MODE)

- Read sensors: green LED flashes once.
- Data sent successfully: green LED flashes 2 times.
- Data could not be sent: green LED flashes 4 times.

### DEVICE CONFIGURATION

The user can configure a rich set of device parameters, such as sampling interval, LoRaWAN<sup>®</sup> data rate, ADR settings and many more. If desired, the parameter settings can be stored permanently in the internal non-volatile memory. The user can configure the device via two interfaces:

- Command line interface: via a serial cable (UART USB) connected to a computer.
- Downlink command interface: over the air using LoRaWAN® downlink messages.

For a full description of the command line interface and the downlink command interface, please find the specific documents on <u>www.decentlab.com/support</u>.

# MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Mount the device with the ultrasonic sensor (horn) facing toward the target.

The sensor's greatest sensitivity is in the center of the measurement beam (a diffuse cone of ultrasonic waves). However, objects outside the cone can also cause reflections of the sound waves and thus interfere with the measurement. Especially objects with sharp corners and objects closer than the target can cause strong reflections which might drown the reflections of the target. Therefore, some recommendations for positioning the device:

- Make sure that the target is in the center of the measurement beam.
- Try to keep any interfering objects away from the measurement beam.
- Avoid objects which could cause interference, e.g. objects with sharp corners.
- Mount the device on a cantilever to stay away from mounting poles, walls or tubes.
- Schedule some time for finding the best position by experiments.

Prefer a mounting location which is protected against rain and direct sun radiation.

For best radio performance, install the device upright with the sensor towards ground; ideally, in such a way that the device lid faces roughly in the direction of the next gateway. Also, the higher above ground, the better. Avoid metallic objects close to the device.

The housing includes 4 threaded bushes (M4) in a  $90 \times 60$  mm rectangle (see Illustration 6). This enables easy installation using standard M4 bolts.

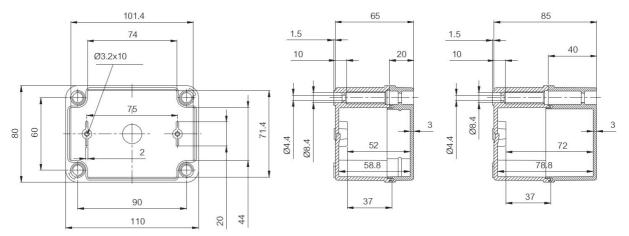


Illustration 6: Housing dimensions (in mm). Note: Drawing not including the ultrasonic sensor.

# ORDERING INFORMATION

REFERENCE DL-MBX-001-EU868 DL-MBX-002-EU868 DL-MBX-003-EU868 DL-MBX-001-US915 DL-MBX-002-US915 DL-MBX-003-US915 DL-MBX-001-AS923 DL-MBX-002-AS923 DL-MBX-003-AS923 DL-MBX-001-AU915 DL-MBX-002-AU915 DL-MBX-003-AU915 APPLICATION General purpose, 10 m Tank level, 5 m Snow level, 5 m General purpose, 10 m Tank level, 5 m General purpose, 10 m Tank level, 5 m Snow level, 5 m General purpose, 10 m Tank level, 5 m Snow level, 5 m REGION (LORAWAN®) Europe Europe North America North America North America Asia Asia Asia Asia Australia, South America Australia, South America

Other options: contact us

## SENSOR DATA MESSAGE FORMAT

Message:

	Header	Sensor 0 data (optional)	Sensor 1 data (opt.)	 Sensor 15 data (opt.)
-				

- Message length is variable, depending on which sensor data are included. Minimum length is 5 bytes (header only). Maximum length is 5 bytes + all sensor data (see below).
- Integers are big endian: MSB first byte, LSB last byte.

#### Header:

Version   Device ID   Flags	'ersion	rsion Device ID	Flags
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- Version: 1 byte; version = 2 for current protocol version.
- Device ID: 2 bytes; 0...65535.
- Flags: 16 bits: flag 15 | flag 14 | ... | flag 0 (LSB).
- The flags indicate, if data of the respective sensors are included in the message or not: Flag n == 1: sensor n data included; flag n == 0: not included.

### DECODER SOFTWARE

For message decoder software, please go to <u>https://www.decentlab.com/support</u>, where you find code examples in JavaScript and other programming languages.

#### DETAILS

FIELD	PARAMETER NAME	TYPE	CONVERSION	UNIT
Header	Version	uint8		
Header	Device ID	uint16		
Header	Flags	uint16		
Sensor 0	Distance	uint16	Х	mm
Sensor 0	Number of valid samples	uint16	Х	
Sensor 1	Battery voltage	uint16	x / 1000	V

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### EXAMPLE 1 (ALL SENSOR DATA INCLUDED)

Message (hex):

#### 02012f000304d200010bb1

02	Version	=	2	
012f	Device ID	=	0303	
0003	Flags	=	0b000000000000011	
04d2	Distance	=	1234	mm
0001	Number of valid samples	=	1	
0bb1	Battery voltage	=	2.993	V

## EXAMPLE 2 (ONLY BATTERY VOLTAGE)

#### Message (hex):

#### 02012f00020bb1

02	Version	=	2	
012f	Device ID	=	0303	
0002	Flags	=	0b0000000000000010	
	Distance	=		mm
	Number of valid samples	=		
0bb1	Battery voltage	=	2.993	V

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## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We,

Decentlab GmbH Überlandstrasse 129 8600 Dübendorf Switzerland CE

declare under our own responsibility that the product

Reference	Name
DL-MBX-xxx-EU868	Ultrasonic Distance / Level Sensor for LoRaWAN®

to which this declaration refers conforms with the relevant standards or other standards documents

- EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1: 2017-02
- EN 300 220-2 V3.1.1: 2017-02
- EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0: 2017-03
- EN 301 489-3 V2.1.1: 2017-03

According to

- Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU

Dübendorf, 12. September 2018

Reinhard Bischoff, Managing Director

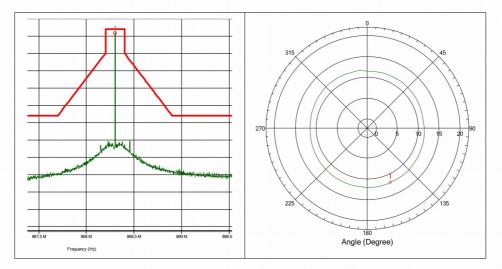
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# APPENDIX A: ANTENNA PERFORMANCE

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Measurement Results:				
EUT	DLR1-LP8			
Test performed	Effective radiated power (ERP)			
Verdict, Test	Pass			
Modification	None			
Mode of operation	Transmitter mode			
Test date, time	Fest date, time     13.06.2018 09:37:06			
Antenna height	1.30 m	Antenna polarization	Vertical	
EUT position	0 to 360 Degree	Antenna distance	3 m	
Measurement settings	Radimation Version: 2017.1.6, RBW: 1 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Sweep time: Auto [120 ms], Step freq: Linear: 250 Hz steps, Attenuator: Auto [10 dB], Internal preamp: 20 dB, Measure time: 10 ms, Measurement equipment: TP_RE_30M-1G_ETSI_Ver			



#### **Detected peaks**

Peak Number	Frequency	Peak	Peak Difference	Status	Angle	Height	Polarization
1	868.302 MHz	11.9 dBm	-2.14 dB	Pass	157 Degree	1.3 m	Vertical

#### Limits:

ETSI EN 300 220-2, Table C.1	25 mW e.r.p
OFB: 863 MHz to 870 MHz	
<= 0.1% duty cycle or polite spectrum access	(14 dBm)

EMV Prüfstelle Zürich – Technopark – 8005 Zurich

# DISCLAIMER

Specifications and information in this document are subject to change without notice.

Decentlab products are not warranted or authorized for use as critical components in medical, lifesaving, or life-sustaining applications, or other applications where a failure would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death.

# CONTACT INFORMATION

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